

# ALENTINE Knowledge Organiser: AUTUMN 2

### Vocabulary Meaning great comfort or elegance, involving great expense luxury extremely dirty and unpleasant place, resulting from saualid poverty or neglect paterfamilias a man is head of the household materfamilias a woman is head of the household location for important religious, political, social acts forum large public building for business/legal matters basilica rounded vaulted roof of structure, with circular base dome republic state where supreme power is held by those elected governing body of prominent members of society senate country/region under control of Roman government province ruler with total power over a country, often with force dictator mob large disorderly crowd, often violent/causing trouble bread & circus idea to calm people using food and entertainment offering someone money or favour to do something bribery amphitheater where gladiators fought wild animals colosseum a human perceived as either uncivilized or primitive barbarian corrupt Willing to act dishonestly for money or personal gain war between citizens of the same country civil war soldiers who fight for any country/group for money mercenaries

# Year 4 Civilization Study: Ancient Rome

### Key knowledge - From Roman Republic to Roman Empire

The Roman Republic was a system of government based on representation for the people of Rome. At the head were 2 elected consuls, who were in charge of the army. The Senate was composed of Roman citizens, including judges, who took care of daily affairs. The Republic was plagued by civil wars. The Roman Empire was established later in 27 BCE, where an Emperor held almost all the power.

#### Key knowledge - Julius Caesar



Julius Caesar was a prominent general and statesman who conquered Gaul then marched his army into Rome and defeated his main political rival, Pompey, becoming dictator in 45 BCE. A group of senators conspired and assassinated him, fearing he would become a tyrant. Caesar's nephew, Augustus, defeated the conspirators and established himself as the first Roman Emperor.

Caesar had gained popularity by staging elaborate games, sporting events and festivals, which entertained the people. Augustus began the system of bribery called 'bread and circuses'.

## **History Timeline**

753 BC

476 AD