

| Vocabulary | Meaning |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| monitor | to observe and check the quantity of something |
| phlegm | a thick substance produced in the nose and throat |
| corpses | the bodies of dead animals or people |
| leech | a type of worm with suckers which sucks blood |
| buboes | a symptom of the plague, painful swellings in the neck, thighs, groin or armpits |
| delirious | to be confused, restless and not make sense |
| symptoms | physical or mental feelings with an illness |
| condensed | a lot of something in one area |
| unwholesome | bad for your health |
| affix | stick, attach or fasten something |
| lime | a substance from limestone added to graves to reduce bad smells |
| artefacts | objects created by people, usually historical |
| abrupt | sudden or unexpected |
| encased | completely covered |
| cladding | a covering on a building |
| gunpowder | an explosive mixture |
| monument | a statue or building built to remind people of an important person or event |
| freeman | a person who is not a servant or serf |

Key knowledge – What was The Great Plague?



A plague is a disease that is spread by bacteria. People become very ill and, without the correct treatment, can die.

Plagues were not a new thing to London. The Black Death in 1348 had continued to reappear for centuries after. However, the plague of 1665 was much worse than ever before!

In 1665 the outbreak of the plagues led to the evacuation of the city. So many people left the city that year that it was almost EMPTIED, leaving a very few frightened people behind.

**Key knowledge -
What was The Great Fire of London?
Did London look different after The Great Plague and The Great Fire of London?**



Just before 2am on 2nd September 1666, a workman in a bakery in Pudding Lane was awoken by smoke and heat from its oven. He and his family escaped over the rooftops. Soon after, the nightwatchmen reported the fire to the Lord Mayor who dismissed it as a small issue and went back to sleep! By 7am, 300 houses had burnt down. The fire was spreading quickly due to high winds and onto London Bridge. By this time the fire was more than a mile long!

History Timeline

1665

1666 AD